Attorney's Docket No.: 12875-002001 / 0643-5299US

Applicant: Wei-Yu Lo et al. Serial No.: 09/778,516 : February 7, 2001 Filed

Page

## Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims replaces all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

## Listing of Claims:

- (Previously presented) A Lac shuttle vector, comprising: 1.
- a region which regulates a plasmid copy number, wherein said region comprises (a) an E. coli replication origin sequence;
- a eukaryotic gene expression cassette, which comprises a eukaryotic gene **(b)** transcriptional promoter sequence, a multiple cloning site and a transcriptional terminator sequence, wherein a desired gene is inserted into said multiple cloning site;
- a lactic acid bacterial plasmid sequence, which comprises a plus origin of (c) replication, and a nucleic acid sequence encoding a Rep A protein which is involved in replication of the lactic acid bacterial plasmid; and
- a marker gene that is not an antibiotic resistance gene and is operably linked to a promoter sequence.
- (Previously presented) The Lac shuttle vector as claimed in claim 1, wherein said 2. eukaryotic gene transcriptional promoter is a cytomegalovirus (CMV) promoter.
- (Previously presented) The Lac shuttle vector as claimed in claim 1, wherein said 3. lactic acid bacterial plasmid sequence is a plasmid of 2.1 kb in size isolated from Lactobacillus plantarum.
- (Previously presented) The Lac shuttle vector as claimed in claim 3, wherein the 4. protein which is involved in the lactic acid bacterial plasmid replication is a Rep A protein consisting essentially of 317 amino acids.

Attorney's Docket No.: 12875-002001 / 0643-5299US

Applicant: Wei-Yu Lo et al. Serial No.: 09/778,516 Filed: February 7, 2001

Page : 4 of 9

5. (Previously presented) The Lac shuttle vector as claimed in claim 1, wherein said marker gene is a β-galactosidase gene.

- 6. (Previously presented) The Lac shuttle vector as claimed in claim 5, wherein the promoter of said  $\beta$ -galactosidase gene is an erythromycin resistance gene promoter.
- 7. (Previously presented) The Lac shuttle vector as claimed in claim 1, wherein the Lac Shuttle vector comprises the nucleotide sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:1 or a complementary nucleotide sequence thereto, or a degenerate variant thereof that contains degenerative protein-coding sequences.
- 8. (Previously presented) The Lac shuttle vector as claimed in claim 1, wherein the Lac Shuttle vector comprises the nucleotide sequence set forth in SEQ ID NO:2 or a complementary nucleotide sequence thereto, or a degenerate variant thereof that contains degenerative protein-coding sequences.
- 9. (Previously presented) The Lac shuttle vector as claimed in claim 1, wherein the Lac shuttle vector is selected from the group consisting of:
- (a) pCLP7 having the configuration of restriction sites in FIG. 4, American Type Culture Collection Accession No. PTA-2661; and
- (b) pCLP8 having the configuration of restriction sites in FIG. 4, American Type Culture Collection Accession No. PTA-2663.
- 10. (Previously presented) The Lac shuttle vector as claimed in claim 1, wherein the vector is for transforming a host cell, the host cell being a Gram-positive bacterium, and the endogenous β-galactosidase gene of the host cell being non-functional.

Attorney's Docket No.: 12875-002001 / 0643-5299US

Applicant: Wei-Yu Lo et al. Serial No.: 09/778,516 Filed: February 7, 2001

Page: 5 of 9

11. (Previously presented) The Lac shuttle vector as claimed in claim 10, wherein the host cell is the Lac- mutant of *Lactobacillus casei*, subsp. casei, which is designated Ana-1, American Type Culture Collection Accession No. PTA-2662.

- 12. (Previously presented) A kit for expression of a gene, comprising:
- (a) the Lac shuttle vector as claimed in claim 1;
- (b) a host cell in which the endogenous  $\beta$ -galactosidase gene thereof is non-functional; and
  - (c) a eukaryotic cell.
- 13. (Previously presented) A DNA immunogenic composition comprising a Lac shuttle vector that contains:
- (a) a region which regulates a plasmid copy number, wherein said region comprises an E. coli replication origin sequence;
- (b) a cukaryotic gene expression cassette, which comprises a cukaryotic gene transcriptional promoter sequence, a multiple cloning site and a transcriptional terminator sequence, wherein an antigenic gene is inserted into said multiple cloning site;
- (c) a lactic acid bacterial plasmid sequence, which comprises a plus origin of replication, and a nucleic acid sequence encoding a Rep A protein which is involved in replication of the lactic acid bacterial plasmid; and
- (d) a marker gene that is not an antibiotic resistance gene and is operably linked to a promoter sequence.

Attorney's Docket No.: 12875-002001 / 0643-5299U\$

Applicant: Wei-Yu Lo et al. Serial No.: 09/778,516 : February 7, 2001

Filed

: 6 of 9 Page

(Previously presented) A method for selection of a host cell containing a vector, 14. comprising:

- introducing into said host cell the Lac shuttle vector as claimed in claim 1, (i) wherein the endogenous β-galactosidase gene of said host cell is non-functional; and
- culturing said host cell transformed in step (i) under conditions in which lactose is (ii) the only carbon source, thereby selecting a host cell comprising the Lac shuttle vector of claim 1.
  - (Cancelled) 15.
  - (Cancelled) 16.